

JUAREZ IS OCCUPIED
BY VASQUISTAS ARMY

REBELS ASSUME CONTROL OF
CITY ON MEXICAN BORDER
WITHOUT FIGHT THIS
MORNING.

GAVE NO RESISTANCE

Mayor of City Ordered Troops Not to
Fire to Prevent Trouble With
United States—American
Troops Ready.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 27.—Juarez today is in possession of the Vasquista rebels. Firing but one or two volleys and meeting no resistance except a few scattering shots in reply to their first volley, the rebels marched into the town. They captured the machine guns that had been bought to repel the rebels, took charge of the municipal offices, the customs house, the barracks, the jail and other public buildings.

United States troops patrolled the border at the time the attack was made apparently ready to enter Juarez if El Paso should be endangered.

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Rebels Begin Move.

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At nine o'clock Mayor Enriquez of Juarez, decided to discuss any preparations for defense but his guards were still on duty.

Ask for Surrender.

Shortly after nine o'clock Homer Scott, a photographer reached Juarez from the rebel camp with a letter from the rebels for the mayor of the town demanding its surrender by 12 o'clock and offering not to fire until he made ready if he did so in a reasonable time.

Meanwhile, the rebel troops rested close in on Juarez. Cavalry was stationed on the northwest and west and dismounted men on the north. The dismounted men used the river banks for protection.

Firing is Opened.

No shot had been fired on either side at 9:30 a. m. At 10 o'clock part of the rebel force had entered the outskirts of Juarez.

The defenders replied to the fire of the invaders.

The entrance is being made along an irrigation ditch leading into Juarez almost parallel with the Rio Grande.

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Rebels in Control.

The investment of Juarez by the rebels appears complete. All stores and doors to business houses are barred and the rebels are marching through the streets orderly not firing nor being fired at.

The United States troops now in El Paso include the entire 22nd Infantry and one battery of field artillery which arrived during the night, four companies of the 18th Infantry, and four troops of the 4th cavalry, Col. E. Z. Steever, commanding the 4th cavalry regiment in command of the American patrol. The soldiers are stationed in the downtown district except the artillery which detrained this morning at 7 o'clock at Fort Bliss five miles out from town.

Looks for Peace.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Mexican Ambassador Martinez today expressed the opinion that the present "disturbance" in Mexico would not lead to a "real" revolution because the majority of the people and public opinion was against it. He said "the various local disturbances would be put down in two or three months at the longest." The people of Mexico, he added, "have had enough of revolution and the majority of them are in favor of peace so that they may go ahead undisturbed with their business."

The fact that there are clans of malcontents in various parts of the country he declared should not be taken as an indication that the Mexican people as a whole are warring and fond of crime any more than the existence of assassins and thieves in other countries means that those countries are morally fond of robbery and murder.

March on Juarez.

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Want Protection.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Senator Lee of Tennessee, was appointed to today by a former constituent, Charles Hudson, now located at Moctezuma for a warden to be sent to Tepulohimpo Bay, to protect Americans located there. Hudson further declared the Mexican government was too weak to cope with the situation in the republic.

Drive Off Bandits.

Marfa, Texas, Feb. 27.—After several hours fighting the American ranchers, defending the Nelson Morris ranch at Cuervo, Mexico, near the Texas line, drove off the Mexican bandits who attacked the ranch headquarter yesterday.

More Fighting.

Guadalajara, Mex., Feb. 27.—Teenage rebels were killed and many others wounded in a battle with the state troops, fought at Tonaya, near San Gabriel, in the southern part of the state of Jalisco today. The loss of the federal troops consisted of a lieutenant killed and three policemen wounded. The rebels were led by Francisco del Toro, who succeeded in escaping with fifty of his men.

TAXICAB ROBBERY
CHARGED THREE MEN

New York Police Secure Three Men
Who Are Charged With Robbing
Bank Messengers in
Taxi.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

New York, Feb. 27.—The police trap set in this and other cities to ensnare the members of the motor highwaymen who robbed two messengers of the First National Bank as they went to the bank in the taxi and robbed them of \$25,000 in bills, resulted in three men taking the stand today. They are claimed by the police to be the men who took part in the robbery. They are Edward Kinnman, Elliot Edgy Collins, Jeff Alverduzzo, truck man, and Gene Montante, chauffeur of the robbed taxi.

Alverduzzo went to the Bowery bank and hired a safe-deposit box two days after the robbery. Some of the loot was found in Kinnman's home in Boston where the money was enclosed in the original bank wrappers. A woman's love of luxury which plagued the jealousy of a companion led to the discovery of the highwaymen. Anna Hall better known as "Sweet Anna" recently came from Albany wearing a new and expensive hat and it was in this way that the mystery was disclosed. A companion of hers told the chamberlain, that "Sweet Anna" had recently gone away in a taxi to Albany and with this clue the police were able to unravel the mystery.

New York, Feb. 27.—It was reported this afternoon at police headquarters that Kinnman and Alverduzzo had confessed and that Kinnman had taken detectives over the ground covered on the day of the robbery. Two thousand dollars of the stolen money were recovered this afternoon in the safe deposit vault the lock box of which the money was found had been rented under the name of Joseph Pugh, proprietor of the saloon in which the highwaymen divided the money.

New York, Feb. 27.—Police Inspector Hughes announced shortly before 12 that a false arrest had been made in the taxi cab robbery. He declined to give the name of the man arrested and said further he would not be surprised today.

KENOSHA IS WARNED
BY BOARD OF HEALTH

Ultimatum Served on Mayor of Lake
City to Secure Enforcement
of Health Laws.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Madison, Wis., Feb. 27.—The state board of health has served an ultimatum upon the mayor of Kenosha to cause a stricter enforcement of the health laws, failing in which the board will send a special officer to Kenosha to take charge of the situation at the city's expense. Scarlet fever and diphtheria are prevalent. Dr. C. A. Harper, secretary of the state board, has advised that the local board was making little if any attempt to control the epidemic and that the mayor was giving much less attention to the case than its importance deserved.

Dr. Harper's letter to the mayor is to be classic.

ADVISES JURY TO
PRAY FOR WISDOM

J. B. Smead Trial for Murder Brings
Forth Wrath of Judge When
Jury Disagrees.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Fort Worth, Texas, Feb. 27.—"Get down on your knees and pray for wisdom in reaching a verdict but send me no more communiqués." Such was the message sent the jury in the trial of J. B. Smead today after Judge Swainson had been informed that the jury wished to report finally their disagreement. Smead's trial ended Saturday. He was accused of the murder of Captain A. G. Boyce, Sr., whose son eloped with Smead's wife.

THREE MISSING WHEN
ORPHAN HOME BURNS

Children Thought to Have Burned to
Death in Colored Orphans'
Home.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 27.—Three children are missing and are believed to have burned to death in a fire which destroyed the colored orphans' home here early today. Thirty other children were saved by the heroic Mrs. Mary Addison, one of the officials of the home. She first discovered the fire, broke a window on the second floor and took the children out over the porch of the building.

Pittsburgh University Celebrates

Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 27.—A three days' celebration was begun today at the 175th anniversary of the granting of University of Pittsburgh's first charter. Educators representing many large institutions of America and Europe are attending the celebration. One of the features of tomorrow's program will be the conferring of the honorary degree upon Dr. Romulo S. Nican, the Argentine minister at Washington.

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LONGWORTH WILL NOT
SUPPORT ROOSEVELT

Ex-President's Son-In-Law Refuses to
Mix Himself in Sending a Man
to Convention.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Feb. 27.—Representative Nicholas Longworth of Ohio, son-in-law of Theodore Roosevelt, returned to Washington today after a visit with the Colonel in Boston and announced that he would not take any part in the campaign for the selection of delegates to the Chicago convention from his district in Ohio. Mr. Longworth, several weeks ago, announced himself in favor of the renomination of President Taft. "I shall take no part in the selection of delegates to the republican national convention from my district," said Mr. Longworth. "I find you thought of having a delegate?" he was asked. "I had not," he replied.

Not to Fight.

Boston, Feb. 27.—Although Col. Roosevelt has declared his intention of making a "straight-out fight" for the presidential nomination he let it be known today that he would not be drawn in personal controversy with the present administration.

STATE UNIVERSITY
PLANS EXPOSITION

Exhibits From Various Departments
of State Institution Will be
Shown April 19 and 20.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Madison, Wis., Feb. 27.—What will be the first university exposition ever produced under auspices of a state university will be held here April 19 students' Union and the university and 20 under joint auspices of the faculty. Over 20,000 square feet of floor space in the big gymnasium and armory, and the new athletic annex will be filled with exhibits representing about seventy different university departments.

A model dairy will be one of the most interesting exhibits. Regular milking hours will be announced. Another interesting showing will be that of the bacteriology department which will show how germs fly about in the air. Plates will be placed for ten minutes in street corners in Madison, Chicago and Milwaukee and the germs collected on them will be viewed through a microscope. A student with germs filled hands will shake hands with fifty people, whose hands in turn will be exposed through the enlarging glass.

New York, Feb. 27.—Police Inspector Hughes announced shortly before 12 that a false arrest had been made in the taxi cab robbery. He declined to give the name of the man arrested and said further he would not be surprised today.

GOVERNMENT MAKES
INITIAL STEP TODAY

First Gun in the Anti-Trust Suit Is
Fired in Columbus.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 27.—The first gun in the government anti-trust suit against railroads and three coal companies charged with maintaining a monopoly in restraint of the bituminous coal industry was fired before the

AS SOON as you're ready to select spring things to wear we'll be glad to see you and show you. New fresh ideas; new models; new colors and patterns for the most particular.

D. J. JUBY & CO.

JUDGES SHOULD STAND LIKE A ROCK AGAINST CRY FOR BLOOD

HON. STEPHEN S. GREGORY OF CHICAGO MAKES TELLING TALK AT BAR BANQUET.

IS NOTABLE ADDRESS

Also Touches Upon the Present Question of the Recall of the Judiciary Raised by the Scheming Politicians.

Members of the Rock County Bar Association, and their invited guests, on Monday evening enjoyed a delicious banquet and heard one of the most able addresses that has been given in Janesville for many years, by Stephen S. Gregory, Chicago, president of the American Bar Association. The annual banquet followed the regular meeting of the county association which is always held on the day of the opening of the February term of the circuit court. At this meeting, memorials were read on members of the association who have passed to the world beyond during the past year. Hon. Ogden H. Fother, William Smith and J. J. Wetherem of Beloit.

The banquet was held at the Myers Hotel at seven thirty, the guests of the evening being seated at a long table across the north end of the room, which was most tastefully decorated with ferns, carnations and banked with potted plants. The members of the bar were seated at small tables about the room and the following delicious repast was served:

Blue Points
Cream of Tomato Waters
Green Peas
Young Turnips
Cranberry Sauce
Combination Salad
Apple Pie, a la mode
Coffee, Biscuit Biscuits
Mint
Cigars
Black Coffee

Hom. George G. Sutherland acted as toastmaster of the evening, and in a few well-chosen words introduced the speaker of the evening, Hon. Stephen S. Gregory, of Chicago, president of the American Bar Association. Mr. Gregory and Mr. Sutherland were at the university together, and his introduction was along the lines of old-time friendliness. Mr. Gregory had for his subject, "Insanity as a Defense in Some Cases."

The address of President Garfield, President McKinley and Mayor Carter H. Harrison, Sr., of Chicago, were taken as illustrations of the death penalty being inflicted upon men.

Mr. Gregory said, in part:

"A brilliant and eloquent advocate at the bar of my city, and before its bar association, recently urged with much plausibility that all criminals should be treated as disabled or defective and sent to hospitals rather than to penitentiaries, not for punishment but for cure. I am not certain that he was right; yet, some why, such views seem more consonant with the newer Justice than the old Mosaic formula, an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth."

Society's Slow Progress.

"In the long history of human society, the knot, the wheel, the stake, the axe, the guillotine and the rope, as well as the dungeon and the prison, have involved in vain to banish crime from the earth."

"Chief Justice Norcross, in a recent paper, has well said: 'For centuries the world has proceeded upon the theory that the way to deal with crime was to impose severe punishment upon the offender. Long sentences to be served out in prisons where only hardship and cruelty were to be expected, were considered the proper punishment. Terror was to be the force that was to hold crime in check. It has taken the world many centuries to make at last a beginning in experimenting upon some theory in dealing with crime other than that of vengeance.'

"However this may be, I think it certainly must be conceded that if the direct result of disease is man does that which would be otherwise criminal, he neither merits punishment nor is it probable that if visited upon him it will deter others similarly affected from like conduct."

Concerning the purpose of legislators and of courts in dealing with the criminal responsibility of the insane to accomplish this result. That they have not altogether succeeded in this effort is, I think, fairly obvious to those familiar with the administration of the criminal law."

Mr. Gregory considered insanity a brain disease.

"Another curious thing is that the manner in which a personal peculiarity is regarded is very different where it is attributed to mental causes rather than physical. We do not blame a man for being lame, but we do for ill temper. Yet the latter infirmity may be just as truly due to illness as the former."

"How, then, does brain disease affect the criminal responsibility of its victim? The courts, and on this legislation, as far as it has gone, has generally followed, the idea that as every trifling, or as they seem to prefer to call it, partial insanity, does not excuse crime, some test, as a matter of law, rigid and uniform in all cases, must be prescribed to determine such exemption."

"That which prevails in England and generally in this country, is whether the accused at the time of the act otherwise criminal had sufficient intelligence to know that it was wrong."

He then took up the history of the case of Galtier, assassin of President Garfield and dealt in detail upon the trial and insane manner in which the murderer was tried and convicted.

The case of Patrick Eugene Pequignot, assassin of Mayor Carter H. Harrison of Chicago, in 1883 was then taken up. Mr. Gregory having noted an appeal in the case. The insanity of the prisoner was agreed to by all the attorneys interested, yet his conviction and execution were accomplishing the system in any way.

To get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., bearing the name of the Company, plainly printed on the front of every package.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY, TAKE LAXATIVE BROMO SODA TABLETS. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. C. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box, 25 cents.

These are bargain days. Read Gatto's ads. and profit.

published. Leon F. Czolgoz, the assassin of President McKinley, was the last of the three illustrations, and this was so similar to the other two, that it was not dealt with as minutely. However, Czolgoz paid the death penalty.

"The three 'cases,' he said, "to which I have especially referred are essentially alike. In each the victim was a person of distinction and in official position; the slayer a poor, wretched creature that the world was better without."

A Falcon towering in her pride of place was by a mousing owl, hawked and killed.

In each instance the slayer was penniless and friendless, utterly unable to take any intelligent action in his own defense, or to pay for professional assistance of any character.

"In each case the defendant was held to the highest degree of responsibility, and the extreme penalty of the law reserved theoretically for the most indefensible crimes, committed absolutely without extenuation, was visited upon him."

"From a medical standpoint their cases were similar. In each case it appeared as if there was a sudden fit, involving or explosive action in the disengaged brain resulting in the homicide, which was directly due to some appeal made to the lunatic by great publicity, given to the activities of his distinguished victim, or about the time of the homicide."

Mr. Gregory then offered the following recommendations for legislative enactments to remedy this evil:

"As to changes in our law suggested by the conclusions at which we have arrived (regarding insanity as a defense), I would recommend:

"First: That if the courts will not do so, the legislature should prescribe as the test of guilt where insanity is the defense, the question whether the act charged as criminal was directly due to the insanity, or brain disease of the defendant."

"Second: That in all jurisdictions where capital punishment is authorized no person charged with murder who defends on the ground of insanity shall be put upon his trial until the expiration of one year after the indictment or information is returned. The testimony of at least one physician, skilled in brain disease, might be required to establish that there was no doubt as to the defendant's sanity as to warrant the belief that the defense was interposed in good faith."

"Third: I am inclined to think that where in homicide cases a defendant is acquitted upon the ground of insanity, he should be committed to a state institution for the insane men."

(Continued on Page 3)

STATES FACTS AS TO WHAT HAS BEEN DONE

James Clough Answers Arguments of the City Attorney As To What He Has Accomplished.

In the following communication published below from James Clough will be found an answer to the claims made by City Attorney Maxfield as to what he has accomplished for the city as regards the Water Company. Mr. Clough speaks by card and shows up the fallacy that the city gained anything in the case and in reality lost.

Mr. H. L. Maxfield tells us all the great things he has done for the city of Janesville, but he does not tell all he has done when he tells us about the decision of the Railroad Commission. The city of Janesville had the best terms with the Janesville Water Co., than any city in the state had with a Water Co. The city paid \$25,000 a year rent for the city hall and for the public schools, and the public library, drinking and all other fountains and water for flushing the sewers, what does the city of Janesville get by the decision of the Railroad Commission, why the city will pay \$74,000 rental for hydrants, and will have to pay for the water used in city hall, the schools and Library and all the fountains, and all the water used for flushing sewers, does Mr. Maxfield say anything about that part of the decision of the Railroad Commission, he no longer is as silent as the grave, but he sees many ways out of it, he concedes the city must buy the water works, but there is an obstacle in the way. What is it? The assessed valuation to low, the law won't allow only so much per cent of the assessed valuation. That was easy for Mr. Maxfield. He had been to Madison, the home of commissions and there was what is known as tax commission, so Mr. Maxfield filed a complaint with the Tax Commission and they came to Janesville and looked into the matter and went back to Madison. After a little they decided Janesville needed re-assessing, so they sent their experts here, and did they raise the assessment. I guess they

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did a little over \$5,000,000, now the city can be bonded for the Water Works, and then some more. I think if the Tax Payers took into the matter they will find there will be about \$15,000 more taxes to pay, than there would have been had Mr. Maxfield stayed in Janesville and attended to the business he was elected for. While Mr. Maxfield was filing complaint with the Commission at Madison, the council wanted ordinances revised. Did Mr. Maxfield do it? No, the council hired Mr. Rager to do it. That's all right the taxes will be lower. At the meeting Feb. 18, 1912, an order was introduced authorizing the city clerk to hire an assistant to help copy the tax rolls which were made by the recent assessors. Now with these things make the taxes lower, I think not, all these additional expenses, the Tax Payer must pay, for I don't think Mr. Maxfield will."

JAMES CLOUGH,

630 S. Pearl St.

OBITUARY.

Norman L. Crabbagh.

The funeral of Norman L. Crabbagh, son of John Crabbagh, will be held from the home, 18 Holmen street, at two o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Interment will be in Oak Hill cemetery.

Mrs. Emory Parks.

Last services for Mrs. Emory Parks were conducted at two o'clock this afternoon at her home, 100 North Fifth street. The Rev. Father Henry Wilmann read the Episcopal burial service. Burial was in Oak Hill cemetery.

Orson Caulkin.

Orson Caulkin, an old resident of Janesville, died at 9:15 o'clock this morning at his home on Milton Avenue, at the age of sixty-nine years.

MICHAEL MURPHY.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Paid advertisement; amount paid,

25c each insertion.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Commissioner at the coming primary election, and solicit the support of the voters.

MICHAEL MURPHY.

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Paid advertisement; amount paid,

25c each insertion.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Mayor of the City of Janesville, at the coming primaries to be held on the 19th day of March, 1912.

To the Citizens of Janesville:

Realizing the responsibility of the office I am about to seek and fully conscious of the duties of said office, and with a full belief that I could bring to said office a knowledge gained by long experience in the municipal affairs of our city, which would be of material benefit to the taxpayers and citizens in general, and particularly, now that we are about to enter upon a new form of government.

Therefore I seek the nomination and election to the office of Mayor. Should I be entrusted with the Honorable and important duties of said office, I can only promise, to the best of my ability, an honest, economical, industrious and faithful administration of its duties in a plain, business-like manner.

Soliciting the support of my fellow citizens and submitting my past record to stand in judgment of my future actions, I am,

Yours truly,

JAS. A. FATHERS.

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It is due the voters and the tax payers to know what I stand for, and what I will attempt to do in accomplishing it if elected.

First, I believe in a conservative, economical business administration where every dollar expended represents a dollar in value.

Second, I believe in the impartial enforcement of law without fear or favor and that no line of business should be exempt.

Third, I believe that the number of saloons in Janesville makes it necessary for the men engaged in the business to resort to all sorts of devices to make a living. The number should be reduced and the men that are licensed should understand that offenses will not be tolerated. Obey the law or forfeit the license.

Fourth, the city is polluted with dives and gambling houses, with slot machines and other devices which ruin our boys and young men. These conditions

SPORT

LARGE AUDIENCE AT BOXING TOURNAMENT

Clever Work By the Sparringers Delight Fans Who Enjoyed the Four Contests.

Before a large audience last evening at the West Side rink the Janesville Athletic Club held one of the best boxing tournaments that has been held in Janesville for many years. While referee Eckernall stopped two of the contests in the initial round owing to the inability of the less skillful boxers to get away from the clever little Chicago chaps, the other two matches were well worth watching.

In the wind-up, Ruby Hirsch of Chicago had far the best of the mauling over his opponent Kid Juszt, a Windy City Greek. Krust mixed it but did not like the repeated hitting of his opponent and frequently elbowed to rest himself. However, in the eighth round he woke up and gave as good as he received.

Kid De Munn, the Bolvidore aspirant for squared circle honors went after his husky opponent with lots of ring victories behind him, in the fifth round of his contest with Sailor Burke and put him down for the count, securing a clean victory.

Previous to that Burke had a bit the best of the mauling and looked like a winner. The popular idol of the fans however, was Julius Stein, a little Chicago pro pugil who stepped into the ring as a substitute for Battling Hertz. In his go with Kid McDuff, a local boxer, Stein mixed things from the start and downed McDuff twice in the first round when Eckernall stopped the bout owing to the local youth's lack of knowledge of the game.

Stein was not content with this victory but when Kid Lawrence of Beloit went down he was now bound and could not meet Kid Perry of Bolvidore, volunteered his services and trimmed the Illinois youth in big step time, knocking him down three times when Eckernall again stopped the bout.

It might be said that both McDuff and Perry wanted to continue but it was best to have stopped the boxing when it was and while the crowd objected somewhat they agreed into the uncertain future.

The question of slavery that rent the Luther Valley and the question of justification that drove the Rev. Bergth out of the Synod, has not been discussed.

M. E. Church Paper.

Plans have been made for starting a Methodist church paper at Oxfordville. It is to be issued monthly and consist of eight pages and cover.

The Rev. William C. Salsbury, pastor, and Mrs. Salsbury will edit the paper. It will be a means of touching a larger public, and also of keeping the friends who have moved to other localities in touch with the work at Oxfordville.

It will be devoted to church news only, hence it will not be in competition with any other paper. The cover page will be used for local advertising. It will be issued as soon as the balance of the advertising space is taken and one hundred subscriptions secured so as to insure its financial success.

Had Leg Broken.

Ernest Silverthorn and Harry Langdon of Pontville attended the dance at Newark Hall last Friday evening, driving one of A. M. Cain's buggies. A very enjoyable evening was spent by all and delicious refreshments served. A sterling silver teaspoon with R. N. A. engraved in the bowl was presented to the neighbor.

Johnnie Canary spent Sunday at home.

Geo. Williams and Miss Grace Hatch were weekend visitors at Wm. Honeysett's.

Miss Crystal Snyder entertained the young people of the Christian church at a surprise party last Wednesday night for Miss Zenia Becker. All reported a very fine time.

Mrs. John Turnbull returned to her home in Janesville Saturday, after spending several days sawing for her cousin, Mrs. E. H. Mattice.

Mrs. Ella Lacy is suffering with the grip.

Fred Honeysett and F. P. Wells attended the house sale at Evansville Saturday.

Clifford Snyder spent Sunday at F. W. Snyder's.

Miss Cora Drafahl was the guest of Miss Mildred Parmenter over Sunday and attended the party Saturday evening.

A number of our ladies are planning to attend the Summer Club meeting in Janesville Wednesday.

Clayton Honeysett and Otto Sornow spent Sunday at home.

The evening sermon on "The Coward" was a masterly discussion of its personality, its duplicity and its responsibility, from the text, "Thou Art The Man."

Rev. Rosemond of Chicago, secretary of the United Norwegian Lutheran church, will give an address illustrated with stereopticon views on "The Institutions and Missions of the United Church" in the East Luther Valley church next Sunday evening.

Everybody cordially invited.

Mr. Fiske Edgerton spent Sunday at home.

There will be a number of changes in real estate here the coming week.

John Langdon and men have completed the barn for the Milk Condensing factory.

Popinjay.

The popinjay was a figure of a bird shot at for practice. The jay was decked with parti-colored feathers so as to resemble a parrot, and being suspended on a pole, served as a target. Its whose tail or arrow-brought down the bird by cutting the string by which it was hung received the proud title of "Capt. Popinjay" for the rest of the day, and was escorted home in triumph—New York American.

Manners and Customs.

The manners of some people encountered in taking walks abroad are suggestive of the report made by the old British sea captain who was sent out to investigate the manners and customs of the inhabitants of a newly-discovered Pacific Island.

His report was brief, as follows: "Manners they have none, and their customs are beastly."

Pleasant for the Judge.

Milton Junction, Feb. 27.—Mrs. Do- forest Dutton is visiting at Ft. Atkinson.

The rural carriers were not able to make their routes Monday on account of the bad storm.

Miss Bonnie Gilbert of Edgerton spent Sunday at home.

The friends and neighbors of Chas. Arnold gave them a surprise Saturday night. Refreshments were served.

Rev. McGinnity was a Janesville caller Monday.

Fr. Hart is in Milwaukee.

Six Sons in the Ministry.

An unusual family record is that of

the six sons of the Rev. David Pugh,

rector of Ysceiling, Wales, who has just died. Four of his sons are clergymen in the Church of England, while two are at Oxford intending to take holy orders in due time.

Fights Scheduled for Tonight

Packey McFarland vs. Tommy Ma-

looney, 10 rounds, at New York.

Johnny Sinclair vs. Patsy Brannan,

12 rounds, at Cleveland.

Larry Ryan vs. Charley Kennedy, 8

rounds, at Chattanooga.

Clarence English vs. "Wildcat"

Ford, 15 rounds, at St. Joe, Mo.

EL INSITO

at 10 cents

EL INSITO

The Janesville Gazette

New Edg. 200-201 E. Milwaukee St.

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESEVILLE, WIS., AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS.

BUSINESS OFFICE OPEN SATURDAY EVENING.

WHATSOEVER FORECAST.

For Janesville and vicinity: unbroken weather with probably snow flurries tonight or Wednesday; rising temperature.

TAFT OR ROOSEVELT.

Now that all doubt is removed concerning Roosevelt's candidacy the political atmosphere is clarified, so far as the republican party is concerned, and the democrats will know what to do as soon as the republican convention adjourns. Should Roosevelt receive the nomination he will be opposed by a conservative of the thousand type, and should Taft be nominated, Woodrow Wilson will doubtless be the democratic standard-bearer.

The contest which will be of absorbing interest for the next few months, will be between the Taft and Roosevelt forces, which in its last analysis means a fight between the conservative East and the radical West. It was hoped that this contest might be avoided, for the interests of the East and West are mutual, and the nation is always at its best when these interests are so regarded.

The recent utterances of Mr. Roosevelt places him in the front rank of the progressives, and makes him acceptable to the followers of La Follette and Cummings. It is safe to assume that he will unite the scattered forces, and be the only progressive leader in the field, within thirty days.

There is, however, a respectable element of progressive republicans who believe in, play fair, and while these men are not great admirers of President Taft, they do not like the way he has been treated by the erratic Colonel, and will show their disapproval by supporting Taft.

Then, too, the West has a strong contingency of conservative republicans who are loyal to Taft and will support him because they believe him to be safe and sane, and entitled to another term. Even the insurgent state of Wisconsin has a little army of this kind of men who will be heard from when the time comes. The Badger delegation will either be for Roosevelt or Taft, because La Follette is out of the race. As between the two men the state is for Taft and should be so represented in the convention.

THE EVENING PAPER.

H. E. Rhodes of the San Diego Sun, after quoting statistics from department stores and large advertising regarding the comparative value of advertising in morning and evening newspapers, has this to say about the evening paper:

"The chief reasons given by the big stores for their overwhelming faith in the evening paper in preference to the morning paper are as follows:

"The evening paper is delivered at the home each night, when the whole family has plenty of time to read it.

"It is carried home by the business man when his day's work is done, and it stays there. A morning paper is usually carried down town by the head of the family, and after being hurriedly read, is thrown away.

"The evening paper is thoroughly read, and all the advertisements receive their share of attention.

"It presents the store news a little ahead, giving the prospective buyer time to plan a shopping tour for the next day.

"The evening paper presents the news the day it happens—the morning paper the day after.

"The evening paper presents the news first—the morning paper merely elaborates it.

"The evening paper prints daylight news—the morning paper takes what is left."

The evening paper, wherever published, is the home paper, and because of this fact it is the best advertising medium. Men may furnish the money, but the women do the buying, and no bargain escapes them when published in their family paper. The Gazette is read in 2,000 homes in Janesville.

THE RAILWAY PROBLEM.

The railroads of the country are facing a problem which they have never been called upon to face before, and which as yet they are unable to solve. The era of retrenchment, covering the past four years, has meant the depletion of equipment, until to-day the companies are compelled to say to the people: "If you want adequate service for the next four years it will be necessary for American railroads to expand from three and a half to four billion dollars."

The companies are ready to finance the undertaking, providing they can be assured of fair treatment. Much of this money must be raised through the sale of securities, and these can not be marketed unless confidence can be maintained. The credit of a railway corporation is just as important as the credit of an individual, and unless interest and dividend payments are promptly met, securities shrink rapidly in value and soon become unmarketable.

The Railway Business Association has just issued a bulletin, synopsis of which appeared in Monday's paper. It sets forth the wants of the railroads and an impassioned appeal for fairness in dealing with these corporations, whose interests are so closely allied with the interests of all the people. Fighting railroads may be popular amusements, but it is ruinous to the welfare of the country.

The time for spring primaries is fast approaching, and the voters should take care in making their selections as to the candidates now in the field. But one candidate for

mayor and two for commissioners, can be voted for by any individual voter and sentiment should not play any part in the selection. Good common-sense is needed.

TAFT DELEGATES.

Now that the line between Taft and Roosevelt, and La Follette, is more clearly drawn by the announcement of Colonel Roosevelt that he would accept the nomination, it is interesting to note just who the four candidates for delegate at large on the Taft republican ticket at the April election are.

It is a significant fact that of the four nominated by the Taft conference, three were formerly supporters of Senator La Follette. Ten years ago former Gov. W. D. Hoard, former Gov. James O. Davidson, and former Senator George B. Hudnall were in the front of the La Follette battle line. One by one they dropped away from him. Today they are fighting against him as hard as they fought for him in years past. Each is known to the people of the state for the work done in advancing its interests and the prosperity of its people.

W. D. Hoard laid the foundation for much of the prosperity of Wisconsin when almost unaided and alone, he established the reign of the cow-milk-drying, a leading agricultural pursuit in the state, and adding millions to the value of farm property. While not a politician in the general acceptance of the word, he has always been interested in politics and has been looked upon for years as one of the republican leaders of Wisconsin. He served one term as governor but never forgot his allegiance to the patient cow.

When the La Follette movement started in Wisconsin, Mr. Hoard was one of the leading men in this movement, giving Mr. La Follette a hearty and influential support. Little by little he found it impossible to travel in double harness with him and their ways parted. He is an ardent supporter of President Taft, believing, as he said in his telegram to the conference, that Taft is the best president the country has had since Lincoln.

E. L. Philipp's name is a household word among the conservatives of Wisconsin. Mr. Philipp has been active in politics until, as he said at the recent conference, some people look upon him as a politician. He has been a stalwart when stalwartism in Wisconsin was not recognized as good form in the political life of the state. He is a hard fighter, always smiling, no matter how hard he is hit, one of the men who do not know when they are beaten. He has been a steady and consistent opponent of La Follettism.

Former Gov. James O. Davidson started out as a loyal and valuable supporter of Gov. La Follette. It was Mr. Davidson who was selected by Gov. La Follette to run with him on the state ticket as lieutenant governor, saying that if anything should happen to him Mr. Davidson would carry out his policies. Mr. Davidson has a host of friends throughout the state.

Former Senator George B. Hudnall is a lawyer in Superior, Wis., and came into prominence politically for his activity in the campaigns which elected La Follette governor. While in the state senate, Mr. Hudnall was one of the leaders. He had much to do with the passing of the railroad rate bill and other measures. Mr. Hudnall is one of the strong republicans of the state.

WATERLOO AND ELCA.

Today's Washington dispatches give a good one from the lips of Senator Clark that is well worth recording. Clark, as is known, is a democratic aspirant for the presidential nomination, and what he says gets into print very often. This time he hits Roosevelt and the republican party a neat rap.

Speaker Clark, in speaking of Colonel Roosevelt's announcement, said: "There are some peculiar and interesting facts in the republican embroil. The big wigs appear to have forgotten historical facts or to scorn them. Many persons were amazed when the Republican National committee fixed their convention for the 18th day of June, the anniversary of Waterloo. Now comes Colonel Roosevelt on February 26, on the day when Napoleon escaped from Elba. No doubt the result of the November election will complete the historic parallel by sending not only the colonel but the whole republican party to St. Helena—a consummation devoutly to be wished. This year all things work together for the success of democrats and the good of the country."

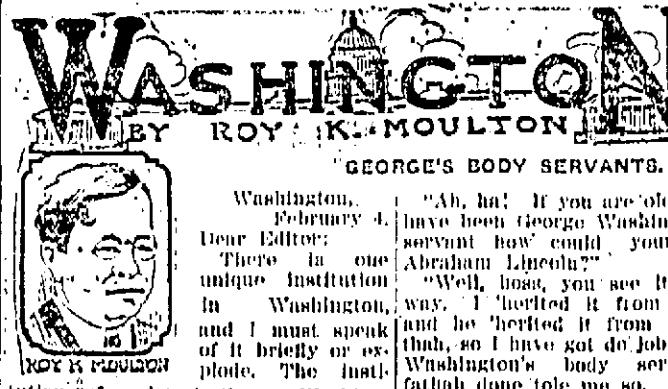
Janesville was honored last evening by the address of such a man as Stephen S. Gregory, President of the American Bar association, and the lawyers of the Rock County Bar association should be complimented on having invited him to attend their annual banquet.

Now comes the senate hearing the end of the Lorimer and Stephenson investigations wanting to find out why millionaire DuPont of Delaware spent so much to be elected.

Military maneuvers in Texas are to be all the rage and after getting to be all the rage and after a while congress will order the entire army there every spring just for practice.

Any man wanting work and willing to work can find plenty of opportunity in shoveling snow these bright days.

By careful economy an exchorus girl should be able to manage on a pauper five hundred a month.



Washington, February 4.
Dear Editor:
There is one unique institution in Washington, and I must speak of it briefly or explode. The institution referred to is George Washington's personal body servant. He is a numerous and ubiquitous institution and can be found in the most surprising walks of life. The first one I discovered was running the elevator in one hotel.

He is the only surviving body servant of George Washington. He is perfectly willing to admit it. There are believed to be eighty-five or one hundred other only surviving body servants of George Washington in this city, but they are said to be scattered about through other portions of the South quite indiscriminately. I have met twenty or twenty-five only surviving body servants, and I have been here only a short time, and will probably meet the rest of them before I leave. George Washington must have been surrounded by a standing army of body servants.

As I have stated, the first personal body servant of George Washington I met was running the elevator in one hotel. He told us about it while we were going from the first floor to the second. Personal body servants of the late George Washington long ago. We alighted deeply and handed him \$1 in grateful appreciation of services rendered the truthful George. There may be something in environment, but none of George's well-known truthfulness ever leaked into any of his body servants. The body servant running the elevator looked to be about forty years old.

"What's your name?" we asked, a foolish Sherlock Holmes idea having penetrated our dome of thought. "Abraham Lincoln Jones," he replied, with a face as innocent of guile as that of a standup congressman making a speech in his home district.

Mr. Bryan gets out of the race more easily than Roosevelt got in.

PRESS COMMENT

Foresight To Spare.

Eau Claire Leader: The Wisconsin Progressive Republicans who wired Senator La Follette that they "could see straight to the end of the path, with vision unclouded," should lend a little of their foresight to the Democrats who seem to be getting blindly mixed up between Champ Clark and Gov. Wilson.

Betrayed And Betrayed.

Marquette Eagle Star: Senator Cummings may withdraw in favor of Roosevelt. Everything indicates that it is to be a royal battle between the men who made Taft president and the president whom Roosevelt so enthusiastically endorsed.

Gains Recognition.

Green Bay Gazette: Cities in other states are again becoming interested in the consolidation form of government, which goes to show that the new form is not only being agitated by cities and towns in Wisconsin, but is gaining in popularity in other states.

The Test of Sincerity.

Rueine Times: One real test of the new republic of China will come when it decides whether the Fourth of July shall be safe and sane or firecracker.

Getting Dangerous.

Milwaukee Sentinel: Uncle Sam wants Mexico to realize that the southern fence of the United States is not there for target purposes.

Really Lucky Candidate.

It is a lucky candidate who is more talked-about than talked.

CURIOS BITS OF HISTORY

THE EXTREMES OF FORTUNE.

By A. W. MACY.

Few careers have covered wider extremes of fortune than did that of John of Cappadocia. He was a Roman officer of very high rank under the Emperor Justinian, in the sixth century. He was a very able man, and under his direction the finances of the government flourished wonderfully. Incidentally he amassed a great fortune for himself. But he was very corrupt, and the revenues were raised "on the death of thousands, the poverty of millions, the ruins of cities, and the desolation of provinces." He lived most extravagantly, and indulged in all sorts of wicked practices. But his life of ostentatious profligacy was suddenly changed into one of abject poverty. Though guilty of many crimes, he was accused of one of which he seemed to have been innocent, and was condemned to be scourged like the lowest of criminals. Nothing of his vast fortune was left him but one old ragged cloak, and it is said that for seven years he begged bread in the streets of cities that once had trembled at his name.

First La Gripe, Then, Bronchitis.

Such was the case with Mrs. W. S. Badley, McCrory, Ky. "My wife was taken down with a severe attack of la gripe, which ran into bronchitis. She coughed so that she had consumption and could not sleep at night. The Doctor's medicine gave her no relief and I was advised to try Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. The first bottle gave her so much relief that she continued using it and three bottles effected a permanent cure."

Mr. W. S. Badley says he is prepared to answer all inquiries promptly.

Badger Drug Co.

These are bargain days. Read Gazette ads and profit.

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Saved

When you think of dentistry, you naturally shrink, but if I do your work, you will not find it a hard matter at all.

I save you pain, and
I save you money.

Two very desirable features.

DR. F. T. RICHARDS
Office over Hall & Sayles.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

JANESEVILLE, WIS.

At the close of business February 20, 1912.

RESOURCES

Loans	\$688,080.65
Overdrafts	55.01
United States Bonds	75,000.00
Other Bonds	325,228.20
Bonds from Banks	273,822.63
Cash	86,600.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer	362,488.89
	4,750.00
	1,455,603.45

LIABILITIES:

Capital	\$125,000.00
Surplus	85,000.00
Undivided Profits	54,360.67
Circulation Outstanding	71,400.00
Deposits	1,110,842.88

\$1,455,603.45

Three per cent interest paid on Savings Deposits and on Demand Certificates of Deposit.

CHAS. T. PEIRCE
Oldest Dentist

I use the best materials in all branches of dentistry. All plate work guaranteed to fit. 25 per cent discount on old prices.

Specialist in Improved artificial enamel fillings.

Doctor Sears

Dr. Sears who is to be at the Presbyterian church Wednesday evening, February 28, is one of the greatest humorists of the country. He is Sam Jones and Dr. Willis in one, for he has the pungent sarcasm of the one and the brilliant gift of the other. He is one of the greatest entertainers and the best drawing cards on the lecture platform.

Dr. Cunningham says: "I asked Dr. Sears to come to Armour Institute for the reason that I wished the students to hear and enjoy a clean, ennobling and profoundly sensible lecture, one which made me laugh more-advantageously and more constantly than any lecture I have heard since the days of dear old John B. Gough of whom the Doctor reminds me so much."

Leff M. Beauchamp says: "He touched in me the fountain of laughter and tears, and won my affection, respect and love. He is a great-hearted, great-brained, great-souled man."

Admission, 25c.

Fresh Vegetables

A large shipment due Wednesday, morning.

Fancy Sweet Florida Oranges.

Fresh lot Grape Fruit.

Fancy box Apples.

Dunbar's Pure New Orleans Molasses in qts. at 25c; half gallons, 45c, and gallons at 75c.

Pure New Sorghum 20c qt. each.

Red or Blue Karo Syrup.

Pure Ohio Sap Maple Syrup, qt., 45c; half gallons, 70c, and gallons, \$1.35.

New Dill Pickles, 12c doz.

New Sour Pickles 10c doz.

Bulk Stuffed Olives 25c pt.

Quart Jars Dill Pickles, 20c.

Dedrick Bros.**Mid Week Specials**

Peanut Butter, jar, .30c.

Indian Corn Flakes,

pkgs., 7c; 4 for 25c.

Asparagus Tips.

Try some of our teas and coffees.

The Park Grocery

A. C. CAMPELL

308 Park Ave.

Both Phones.

There is always a bright side. The man who is anxious to praise finds little that deserves blame.

LIST OF CANDIDATES AT PRIMARY CLOSEDTime of Filing Papers Ended Today
—Four for Mayor and Twenty-four for Councilmen.

The names of four candidates for mayor and twenty-four candidates for councilmen will be placed upon the ballot to be submitted to the voters of Janesville on Tuesday, March the nineteenth, just twenty days hence. Today was the last day in which aspirants to these offices had the opportunity to file the required papers. All those who called for the blanks at the office of the City Clerk had returned them before the close of the day. The last to file were James L. Crotia, candidate for mayor, and Michael Murphy, candidate for councilman. Most of the papers have more than the required number of twenty-five signatures, some several times the number.

A variety of professions and businesses almost as numerous as the candidates are represented in the list of those for mayor and councilmen. Of the candidates for mayor two are city officers, one of whom is a lawyer, one is a mill dealer, and one a compassor. Among the candidates for councilmen are five aldermen, one city officer, two carpenters and contractors, two assessors, one each of the following positions, business or profession, lawyer, hardware dealer, cigar dealer, stone quarry proprietor, lumberman, retired merchant, veterinarian, carriage manufacturer, cafe proprietor, barber, paint dealer, traveling salesman, retired grocer, shoe salesman, feed dealer, undersheriff, retired hotel proprietor, and a railroad corporation employee.

Five days remain in which candidates for the other city offices may file nomination papers. These are a justice of the peace, school commissioner at large, supervisors and constables in each ward and school commissioners in the second and fourth wards.

Election day comes on April 2, two weeks after the primaries, and just five weeks from today.

The complete list of candidates for mayor and councilmen before the primary, are as follows:

For mayor: James A. Fathers, John W. Peters, H. L. Maxfield, and James L. Crotia. For councilmen: James Clough, Henry H. Blanchard, E. H. Green, L. L. McNaughton, C. K. Miltimore, Henry W. Gaulke, August Lutz, John Perschachter, George Buchholz, Edward Schmidley, Arnold Tiff, Charles W. Dotley, F. L. Smith, John P. Wright, William Hall, James M. Hutchinson, Charles V. Lyons, R. H. Horn, William T. Flaherty, John J. Conknot, Charles H. Carpenter, and Michael Murphy.

PAY SPECIAL LEVY INTO COUNTY FUND

Township Highway Money Raised Under New Law Must be Paid Into County Treasury.

Some uncertainty has existed in the minds of the county and township officials in regard to the payment of the special highway funds raised in the various townships at special meetings held during the month of August 1911 in order to secure the state aid money under the new highway law. The question raised was whether the money raised in the township should remain in the township treasury or should be paid into the county treasury there to be credited to the township highway fund. Inquiry at the office of the state highway commission has found the latter case to be in accordance with the interpretation of section 1315m-4, of chapter 337, laws of 1911. Consequently all highway money raised in the towns to conform with the provision of the state aid law must be paid to the county treasurer who will give credit for the amount to the township along with the like amount forthcoming from the county and the apportionment to the township from the state. The sum which the township shall receive from the state will be determined at Madison by the highway commission and forwarded to the county treasurer who will credit the various amounts to the various towns according to the apportionment made.

Frank Bentley of Baraboo, was a Janesville visitor yesterday returning to Madison this morning.

John Sanborn of Madison, attended the bar association banquet here last evening.

Frank Lamb of Madison, attended the opening session of the Rock county bar Monday, leaving last evening for Chicago.

Chief Deputy United States Marshal W. H. Appleby of Madison, was a Janesville visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Jeffers are expected to return from an extended southern trip today.

Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Carle are expected home from the south today.

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J. A. Beecher of Wilton, this state, arrived here this afternoon and will make his home in Janesville.

Miss Pearl Briggs, who has been visiting friends in Madison for two weeks, returned home today.

PROF. WEST IN ADDRESS TO STUDENTS THIS MORNING

Tells of Work Done at Battle Creek Sanitarium and of Equipment Required.

Prof. A. B. West, Instructor of mathematics at the local high school, addressed the students this morning during opening exercises. His talk was a description of the Battle Creek Sanitarium and was made very clear and interesting by pictures which were thrown on the screen by Prof. John Kellon's institution to be a five-story, fire-proof building, six hundred feet in length. The institution has some of the best equipment of its kind in the world. The object of the sanitarium "is to provide proper care for the body and work on the mind. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." A gymnasium, bath, swimming pool and various devices contribute to keeping the muscles in a first class condition.

Owing to the severe weather conditions the show last evening was not given.

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS.

Geo. L. Hatch, dancing class and hon. tonight, Central hall.

Dr. G. Webster will be at his office in the Hayes Block every Thursday.

Attention Odd Fellows! There will be a regular meeting of the Janesville City Lodge No. 90, of the Odd Fellows, in the West Side Odd Fellows' hall, Tuesday evening, Feb. 27. Several candidates for second degree. All members of the lodge are requested to be present.

W. C. T. U. cooking sale at the Laddor Drug store Wednesday P. M. A regular session of the Atheneum Club will be held on Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, at the city hall instead of at Library hall.

All of the roundhouse and yard force are working now, on an even swing off yesterday. The full force is on the job and the business has never been in better shape than it is at present in this city.

Want ads bring results

ANY CITY CAN HAVE SERVICES OF NURSE

Anti-Tuberculosis Society Has Made Arrangements to Send Dr. Williams as Visiting Nurse.

According to a new arrangement adopted by the Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association, any city in the state may secure the services of a visiting nurse for one week by making payment to the state association to cover a part of the expenses. The state society incurs part of the expense and the local tuberculosis societies the remainder.

Dr. Maude Williams, who did such excellent work in this city last November and December, is the nurse employed by the state association to fill the calls from the various cities. Dr. Williams goes to Beloit this week to begin her activities under the new plan and it is thought that the demand for her services will be pressing.

The continuance of the work of the visiting nurse is due to the excellent results accomplished during the past year in the twelve cities of which Janesville was one which won the services of a nurse offered by the state association in the 1910 sale of Christma stamps. Other cities have seen the need and donations have been made to further the work. In Appleton the services of a nurse have been secured for one year through the generosity of one of the citizens.

BRIEF PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hanson of Prairie Avenue left Sunday afternoon for Waukesha to attend the funeral of Mrs. Hanson. Emil Hanson arrived from Cleoake to attend Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Howe have returned from California where they have been the past few months.

Miss Bertha Olson, who has been visiting relatives on West Bluff street, has returned to her home in Madison.

J. K. Jenson had business in Chicago today.

Clarence Green of Beloit, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Green.

Mrs. Clarence Pellett of Madison, was the guest of friends here yesterday.

Mrs. Bertha Parsons and son of Whitewater, are visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. Sadie Dunn spent Sunday in Beloit.

Manager Willitz of the Rock County Telephone Company, gave a dinner to the day operators and a lunch to the night operators yesterday.

Prof. and Mrs. W. H. Thielke had as their guests last week Mr. and Mrs. Thielke and Mrs. Wescott of Whitewater.

Verne C. Dennett is reported to be improving. He has been confined to his home on Mineral Point avenue for several days.

Miss Mayme Pixley is visiting friends in Milton Junction.

J. A. Koller of Brothman was a Janesville visitor last evening.

Thomas Noll, L. L. Wheeler, and L. P. Brigham all of Darrel attended the boxing matches here last night.

Thomas Hellum of Stoughton was registered at the Myers Hotel last evening.

S. Clark of Belvidere was here last night to see the boxing contest.

P. H. Kiser of Whitewater was registered at the Grand Hotel yesterday.

E. H. Mallory of Elkhorn was a Janesville visitor Monday.

Mrs. Anna McNeil returned last evening from Prairie du Chien, where she was called by the illness of a relative.

Harry Jackson of Chicago, is in the city today on business.

Burr W. Jones of Madison, was a Janesville visitor yesterday returning to Madison this morning.

John Sanborn of Madison, attended the bar association banquet here last evening.

Frank Lamb of Madison, attended the opening session of the Rock county bar Monday, leaving last evening for Chicago.

Chief Deputy United States Marshal W. H. Appleby of Madison, was a Janesville visitor Monday.

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TODAY'S EVANSCVILLE NEWS

POSTPONE SERVICES
BECAUSE OF STORM

Bishop W. W. Webb of Milwaukee Unable to Speak at Evansville Last Evening.—Other News.

Evansville, Feb. 27.—On account of the bad weather and trains being blocked, Bishop W. W. Webb, of Milwaukee, was unable to hold services in the St. John's Episcopal church Monday evening as was previously announced. The Bishop will be here at some near future date and the public are cordially invited to hear him.

Gave Family Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Griffith entertained a number of friends and relatives at a family dinner Sunday. Those present were Miss Katie Wright, Miss Margaret Carson, William Wright and Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Heffel and children.

Mrs. John Oberling is entertaining her mother Mrs. Skinner, of Janesville.

Mrs. Will Mable is quite ill at present.

Mrs. Dolbert Smith of Brooklyn was a recent Evansville visitor.

Miss Anna Kielty has returned from a week's visit with relatives at Belleville.

Fred Franklin and Charles Doolittle are business visitors in Chicago this week.

Mrs. Cora Budlong is here for an extended visit with friends.

Mr. Crowley of Janesville was a recent business visitor here.

Carl Heron has returned to Beloit after an over Sunday visit at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Heron.

Mrs. Fred Whiston spent Saturday with friends in Oregon.

Will Gleason has recently rented a house on Second street and will move his family there about March 14.

Miss Hazel Doolittle left Monday for her home in Winona, Minn. She has been visiting at the home of her uncle, Charles Doolittle, of this city, the past two weeks.

Next Sunday evening the choir of the First Congregational church of this city will give a sacred concert in the church at 7:00 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all members of the congregation and other friends to attend.

Miss Anna Keeler of Beloit, visited her sister here Sunday.

Miss Laura Hill is in Fort Atkinson visiting her mother who is ill.

Mrs. Fred Whiston and Miss Lena Rye left for Milton today to visit relatives.

It. C. Searles left Monday for North Milwaukee in the interests of the Rock County Sugar Company.

Mrs. Vie Campbell and Miss Pearl Campbell spent Sunday in Madison.

Mrs. Martin Paulson has returned from a visit with her mother at Monroe.

Mrs. Chester Newmann of Juda is visiting at the home of Edward Rees and Mrs. Robert Rees.

Mrs. Charles Lamb of Janesville visited Mrs. Mary Brown Saturday.

Amos Baldwin who has been quite ill is slowly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Englund and daughter Thelma, left Monday for Iowa. Mr. Englund has purchased a blacksmith shop and will go into business for himself.

Miss Letta Walton came home from Magnolia for over Sunday and as yet has been unable to return to her school duties on account of the blockaded condition of the roads.

Will Rose of Albany visited over Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Silas White of this city.

Mrs. J. H. Partridge is on the sick list at present.

Mrs. Amos Weyer has returned from Albany where she was called by the death of her sister, Mrs. Emma Jones.

Theodore Estes expects to move his family onto their farm south of the city about March 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas White entertained a few guests at a family dinner Sunday at their home on Second street.

Charles Lamb of Janesville was a recent business visitor here.

Miss Hazel Campbell has returned to her home in Madison after a few days with her grandparents and other relatives and friends here.

Dert Holmes is home from Beloit college for a short stay.

Miss studio Kielty of Brooklyn was here yesterday.

Mrs. Charles Fuller is entertaining her sister from Columbus for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. George McGee have returned from Delavan where they were called by the death of the former's sister, Mrs. Walter Hopkins, of that city.

J. H. Johnson and Leslie Rockland were here from Beloit Sunday.

Mrs. Dr. Shuster is suffering from polioencephalitis on her hands and face.

Charles Atkinson, director of the Y. M. C. A. is entertaining his brother from Shreveport.

R. M. Richmond is in Janesville attending the meetings of the Rock County Fur Association which are being held here.

The remains of Mrs. Richard Maloy arrived here Monday noon. They were taken to the Crouse cemetery, about seven miles south-west of this city, for burial. The grandsons of the deceased acted as bearers.

Word has been received from Waterloo, Iowa, of the safe arrival of Mrs. Gould of this city, who went there the latter part of the week to visit her son. Mrs. Gould has been in health for the past six months and, although is very much improved, it is hoped that the change will also prove beneficial to her.

The many friends of Miss Laura Kuerschner, former teacher at the local high school, will be pleased to learn of her fine success in Indianapolis where she is teaching in a private school for girls. Recently Miss Kuerschner was appointed supervisor of one of the male dormitories which proves to be a very responsible position.

Mrs. Margaret Carson has recently moved her household goods from her country home in Porter. Mrs. Carson expects to make Evansville her future home.

Ed. Ratty was a recent business visitor in Brooklyn.

INTEREST SHOWN IN
INSTITUTE PROGRAM

Final Sessions Held Saturday Afternoon and Evening Attracted Large Audiences—Other News.

Evansville, Feb. 26.—In spite of the disagreeable weather and bad roads, a good sized audience was in attendance at the afternoon session of the Farmers' Institute Saturday afternoon. S. S. Jones, county road commissioner, gave a very helpful and interesting talk on "Good Roads." "The American Dairymen's Registration Association" was discussed by Judge C. D. Ross of Beloit. Miss Veronika Johnson gave a recitation in a very pleasing manner. "The Farm and the Future" was the subject treated by Hon. A. H. Sholtz. Mr. Sholtz talked on the subject in his usual pleasing manner. More interest was shown in this last speech as Mr. Sholtz was formerly principal of the high school here.

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PRIVATE SOLDIER PUT
ON TRIAL FOR MURDER

Matthew Carlyle of Tenth Cavalry Charged With Taking Life of Fellow Trooper.

Burlington, Vt., Feb. 27.—The term of the Federal Court which convened here today will be made notable by the trial for murder of Matthew Carlyle, a private in the Tenth United States Cavalry regiment, while stationed at Fort Allen last fall. Carlyle ran amuck and shot and killed Andrew C. Fox, a fellow trooper, and seriously wounded two negro girls.

RARE GAME BIRDS ARE
IMPORTED TO THIS COUNTRY

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

New York, Feb. 27.—A thousand rare game birds from Siberia and the Orient reached New York today on the steamship Minnowaska, destined for Oak Park, Chicago, Ill., where they will be mated and their young distributed throughout the United States by Samuel Evans and his son, Wallace, who brought them to this country. Among the collections are ducks from Lake Baikal in Siberia, considered the rarest of game birds ever taken from their native haunts; geese, swan and ducks from Formosa, Japan, Egypt, Holland, Lake Victoria, Nyanza and remote sections of Europe.

Imperial Hats lead in style and are copied more than any hat made.

They are guaranteed to wear and the wearer is protected by an insurance policy which is under the sweat band of every hat.

If you want to see what is new and proper for the Spring, look at our display of Imperial Hats.

There is surely one among the fifty styles for you, \$3.00.

Elgin Butter goes up one cent in its price

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Elgin, Ill., Feb. 26.—Butter was quoted at 26c an advance of one cent. The output for the week was 72,500.

RECENT APPOINTMENTS
BY STATE COMMISSION.

Fifteen State Positions Filled by Civil Service Board According to Announcement.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 27.—The state civil service commission announced the following appointments to state positions: Albert Gillis, Oconto Falls, deputy oil inspector for District No. 53; George H. Bulley, Crandon; Peter C. Christensen, Crandon, and J. B. Cook, Eagle River, forest ranger, state forestry bureau; Walter J. Kramer, Chilton, cheese factory, dairy and food inspector, dairy and food department; P. M. Reynolds and O. H. Miner, Madison, and Mille R. Cobb, Elkhorn, special agents, state tax commission; Arno L. Zinke, Madison, junior accountant, tax commission; Mayme Miller, Gaslyn, clerk, tax commission; Ida Winkler, Milwaukee, stenographer, tax commission, for employment in the office of the income tax assessor at Milwaukee; Howard Jones, La Crosse, clerk, at La Crosse.

CORN—\$15@\$17.

Poultry Markets.

Turkey—15c lb.

Hens—10c lb.

Springers—10c lb.

Old Roosters—6c lb.

Ducks—1c lb.

Hogs.

Different grades—\$6.50@\$8.00.

Steers and Cows.

Veal—\$8.50@\$7.00.

Beef—\$3.50@\$5.00.

Sheep.

Mutton—\$4.00@\$5.00.

Lambs, light—\$4.00.

Butter and Eggs.

Creamery—28c.

Dairy—32c.

Eggs—32c doz.

Butter—18c@21c.

Elgin Butter—18c@21c.

Straw—\$7.50@\$8.00.

Baled and Loosely Hay—\$18@\$20.

Rye—\$0.10@\$0.20.

BREAKING OUT COVERED BODY

JUDGES SHOULD STAND LIKE A ROCK AGAINST THE CRY FOR BLOOD

(Continued from Page Two.)

Where Scratches It Made Sores. Terrible Itching and Burning Kept Her from Sleeping. Cuticura Remedies Completely Cured Her. No Return.

"Three years ago this winter I had a breaking out that covered my whole body. It itched so it seemed as if I should go crazy.

It first came out in little pinholes on my back and spread till it covered my whole body and limbs down to my knees, also my arms down to my elbows. Where I scratched, it made sores, and the terrible itching and burning kept me from sleeping. I tried every remedy I could think of to no purpose.

Then I decided to try the Cuticura Remedies, also the Repoult, for four months, and they completely cured me of excess. I have had no return of the disease since. I never had a good night's rest after the skin eruption the first broke out till I commenced using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I had only used them a few days before I could see they were beginning to heal, and the terrible itching was gone.

"Those that lived in the house at the time know how I suffered, and how the Cuticura Soap and Ointment cured me. I used to take a bath without using the Cuticura Soap, and I do not believe there is better remedies for any skin disease than the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. (Signed) Miss Sarah Calkins, Waukegan, Ill., Mar. 18, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are for sale throughout the world, but to those who have suffered much, lost hope and are without faith in any treatment, a liberal sample of each together with 32-p. booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp will be mailed free on application. Address Cuticura Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. DA, Boston,

BRODHEAD

Brodhead, Feb. 27.—The game of basketball in Droughton's Opera House on Saturday evening, between the team from the Doherty State school for the deaf and the Brodhead high school team was witnessed by a large crowd and was a fine exhibition of good clean playing, the local team winning by a score of 33 to 29. A preliminary game between the Monroe All Stars and the Brodhead second school team resulted in a victory for the visitors. Score 22 to 19. Roller skating was indulged in after the games.

A fierce snow storm driven by a strong wind was raging here yesterday. Snow is drifted in many places to the depth of five and six feet, all business and traffic, except shoveling, being at a standstill.

Miss Dorr and Cahill spent Saturday with their people at Whitewater.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Oldenburg left on Saturday for their home in Moscow, Idaho, after some days spent in visiting his brother, Prof. F. W. Oldenburg and family in Brodhead.

Mrs. George Olson who had an operation in Mercy hospital, Janesville, some two or three weeks since, returned home Saturday. She is convalescing nicely.

Miss Helen Pepple spent Sunday in Janesville with her mother and sister.

Mrs. S. Amos returned Saturday to Janesville, after a week's visit with her son, W. D., and family in Brodhead.

Miss Velma Britton was the guest of Janesville friends Saturday.

John Mooney received 150,000 pounds of tobacco at Orfordville Friday and Saturday.

C. W. Murphy spent Sunday in Durango, with his mother, Mrs. E. R. Sprague.

Mrs. Elmo Murphy is the guest of her brother, Editor H. C. Stair and family at Cambridge.

Joe Dylan was up from Beloit over Saturday and Sunday the guest of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Burns.

Walt Bissell of Durango, in visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Silas Bissell.

Irv. J. A. Berg of Orfordville, spent Saturday in Brodhead.

Miss Jessie Robinson is numbered among the sick today.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at last an dredged through the papers and that is Cuticura. Cuticura Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Cuticura being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional remedy. Cuticura Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength, building up the system, restoring the digestive organs to their work. The proprietors have no much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation, the all Druggists, The Rexall Drug Co., Toledo, Ohio.

FOR AGED PEOPLE

Old Folks Should Be Careful in Their Selection of Regulative Medicines.

We have a safe, dependable, and altogether ideal remedy that is particularly adapted to the requirements of aged people and persons of weak constitutions who suffer from constipation or other bowel disorders. We are so certain that it will relieve these complaints and give absolute satisfaction in every particular that we offer it with our personal guarantee that it shall cost the user nothing. If it fails to substantiate our claims, this remedy is called Rexall Orderless.

Rexall Orderless are eaten just like candy, are particularly prompt and agreeable in action, may be taken at any time, day or night; do not cause diarrhea, nausea, griping, excessive looseness, or other undesirable effects.

They have a very mild but positive action upon the organs with which they come in contact, apparently acting as a regulatory tonic upon the relaxed muscular coat of the bowels, thus overcoming weakness, and aiding to restore the bowels to more vigorous and healthy activity. Three sizes, 10c., 25c., and 50c. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store. The Smith Drug Co., 14 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

JUDGES SHOULD STAND LIKE A ROCK AGAINST THE CRY FOR BLOOD

There is to remain for life, subject only to the exercise of the pardoning power. A real lunatic who has committed a homicide seldom or never recovers.

"I imagine that there would be the greatest opposition to the second suggestion, yet in my judgment it would be well calculated to promote justice.

"As to expert testimony that presents a question of great difficulty. On this I think physicians and lawyers both have much to learn. There is too much intolerance and too much dogmatism and prejudices on both sides. Generally this works against the prisoner. The criminal insane have no political or other influence, no unions, no business that is destroyed by physicians or lawyers and, as a rule, no money to pay either.

"The state is amply equipped in this regard; and sometimes I have been shocked at the testimony of medical men called for the prosecution, particularly so in the case of Guiteau.

"Yet, I ought to be one of the last to criticize the members of that great profession in this regard, for on thequisition as to Guiteau's sanity after conviction they way they responded, without fear or reward, to the call of humanity, and with one voice pronounced him insane and irresponsible, was one of the finest exhibitions of personal and professional spirit and independence that I have ever known.

"And that suggests some further reflections. You who live in a jurisdiction where wisely, as I think, capital punishment has been abolished, cannot wholly appreciate the effect upon the administration of criminal justice of that wild cry for blood that goes up in a case where some human life has, under circumstances of inevitable atrocity, taken a valuable human life.

"His own life is so worthless that the sacrifice of ten thousand like him seems no expiation or atonement. It looks not, indeed, matter much to such a poor wretch, but it does to the state. No state or nation can afford upon such considerations and in violation of its own laws, to take the life of the humblest and meanest of its citizens.

In his concluding remarks Mr. Gregory paid his respects to the present discussion as to the result of the judiciary in the following manner:

"The president of the United States is perturbed and well he may be at the want of confidence manifested in our courts.

"There is a swelling tide of dissatisfaction with their methods, rolling over the country from the far west that threatens the most serious impairment of their usefulness and power and the possible destruction of that without which a judge is the most constitutional figure in government, judicial independence.

"I believe sincerely in popular government and in the rule of the people. I do not believe in the administration of the law either criminal or civil, by popular vote, the outcry of the multitude. In cases of the character of those to which I have referred, the judgment is usually determined outside of the court room. The ministers of the law are but the agents of the multitude.

"If this is to continue, if ardor prava libertinum is to enter the temple of justice and issue its profane edict in her innermost sanctuary, then what avails law or science or professional skill or learning in any field?

"It is a singular commentary on the utility of courting popular favor that at a time when in some quarters judicial serenity to the public seems to prevail, there should have arisen such a demand for the judicial recall, by which it is sought absolutely to insure a compliant and subservient judiciary.

"Now, we propose at the bar to resist this clamor vigorously and boldly. But let the bench do its part.

"If we have a great case where a poor and friendless wretch is prosecuted, in which some Judge shall stand like a rock against the wild cry for blood and the clamors of the mob for vengeance; one such conspicuous instance would do almost more to rehabilitate the American bench in the confidence and respect of our people than the utmost efforts of a united bar.

"I have too much faith in popular intelligence, to doubt that courage, integrity and judicial independence, however much the exercise of these qualities may frustrate the passing impulse of the moment, will earn and command the abiding confidence and esteem of our people.

"I suppose it would be conceded in this country, at least, that John Marshall was the greatest and wisest Judge that ever lived.

"When he presided at the trial of Aaron Burr, the almost universal sentiment of the country demanded that the defendant be convicted of high treason. After the verdict, which was rendered substantially on a direction against the government, John Marshall and the counsel for the defense were burned in effigy at Gallows Hill, near Baltimore. It is said that Jefferson contemplated an effort to procure his impeachment and that William Wirt admitted that he had lost confidence in his integrity.

"Indeed, in the argument, it was intimated by counsel for the government that if the judges sustained the position of the defense they would be subject to impeachment.

"The chief Justice was not unmindful of the situation, and in his opinion he dealt with it in these words:

"No man is desirous of becoming the peculiar subject of calumny. No man, might he let the bitter cup pass from him without self reproach, would drink it to the bottom. But if he have no choice in the case, if there be no alternative presented to him, but a dereliction of duty or the opprobrium of those who are denominating the world, he merits the contempt as well as the indignation of his country, who can hesitate which to embrace?"

Noble Words of Marshall.

"These are noble words. They are an inspiration to that lofty conception of judicial duty, lacking which a man cannot be a just or honest judge

much less a great one. And yet they set a high standard and one which is difficult of attainment.

"Let me not forget these words the next time some terrible crime has stirred popular feeling to the uttermost and the wild cry for vengeance has gone forth in volume and fury well calculated to intimidate the courts and all the ministers of justice.

"If redeting the natural impulse which animates them as other men, to disregard the law, to trample on the rights of the accused, and to wreak summary vengeance upon him, court and counsel endeavor to give him his rights under the law and to acquit him if the evidence so require, let us join the sensible throng who cry them down.

"Let us recall the majestic figure of the great chief Justice; let us listen again to his impressive language; let us emulate his lofty independence and unwavering integrity.

"Nor can we of the bar place all responsibility on the courts. We must bear our due share.

"The strong and the powerful but little, require the protection of the law.

"Let us not reflect the claims of the poor, the humble and the friendless, those who the most require our service and are the least able to make return for it.

The Duty of the Lawyer.

"The duty of the lawyer is nowhere more exactly and impressively stated than in the oath required of advocates in the court of Geneva: 'I solemnly swear before Almighty God to be faithful to the republic and the canton of Geneva, never to depart from the respect due to the tribunals and authorities; never to counsel or maintain a cause which does not appear to be just or equitable, unless it be the defense of an accused person; never to employ, knowingly, for the purpose of maintaining the cause confined to me any means contrary to truth; and never to seek to mislead the judges by any artifice or false statement of fact or law; to abstain from all offensive personality and to advance no fact contrary to the honor or reputation of the parties. If it be not indispensable to the cause with which I may be charged; not to encourage either the commencement or continuance of a suit from any motive of passion or interest; not to reject for any interest personal to myself, the cause of the weak, the stranger or the oppressed.'

"I sometimes think we are not always sufficiently mindful of such commands. Yet, as we approximate this standard we shall best maintain the high traditions and lofty aims of a noble, an honorable and a learned profession."

At the conclusion of Mr. Gregory's address, Burr W. Jones of Madison, was called on and made a few pleasant words of greeting to the present members of the county bar association, many of whom he knew as students, spoke feeling of those he had known who have departed to the world beyond and touched upon the question of the recall of the judiciary. He was followed by Judge Grimm, Judge Sibley, Judge Eiffeld, John B. Sunborn of Madison, and then Senator Whitehead in behalf of the bar thanked the speaker of the evening for his address and moved that Mr. Gregory be made a life member of the association which was done by unanimous vote. Among those who were present were the following:

Burr W. Jones, Madison; Dr. Thorne Frank C. R. Bently of Baraboo; J. M. Whitehead; G. G. Sutherland, S. S. Gregory, Judge Grimm, John Cunningham, Judge Eiffeld, E. D. McGowan, Fred Blodget, Francis Grant, George Klinbom, T. S. Nolan, Judge Eiffeld, J. J. Cunningham, Jessie Earle, Clark Pierce, Roy Clarke, Malcolm Jeffers, Stanley Dunwiddie, Claude Hendricks, George Tallman, William Roger, Jr., E. H. Peterson, E. F. Carpenter, M. R. Cahorn, M. S. Jeffers, A. R. Matheson, H. Blanchard, S. M. Smith, Fred Clements, W. Dougherty, Michael Hayes, T. J. Woolsey, John Sanborn, Madison; O. E. Oestreich, Oscar Newhouse, M. D. Mount, Geo. McKinley, Frank Jackson, M. P. Richardson, J. L. Fisher, T. B. Richmond, Henry Carpenter, Arthur Fisher, Harry Maxfield, J. B. Clark, Beloit; Stanley Talbourn, Everett, Roger Cunningham.

"If this is to continue, if ardor prava libertinum is to enter the temple of justice and issue its profane edict in her innermost sanctuary, then what avails law or science or professional skill or learning in any field?

"It is a singular commentary on the utility of courting popular favor that at a time when in some quarters judicial serenity to the public seems to prevail, there should have arisen such a demand for the judicial recall, by which it is sought absolutely to insure a compliant and subservient judiciary.

"Now, we propose at the bar to resist this clamor vigorously and boldly. But let the bench do its part.

"If we have a great case where a poor and friendless wretch is prosecuted, in which some Judge shall stand like a rock against the wild cry for blood and the clamors of the mob for vengeance; one such conspicuous instance would do almost more to rehabilitate the American bench in the confidence and respect of our people than the utmost efforts of a united bar.

"I have too much faith in popular intelligence, to doubt that courage, integrity and judicial independence, however much the exercise of these qualities may frustrate the passing impulse of the moment, will earn and command the abiding confidence and esteem of our people.

"I suppose it would be conceded in this country, at least, that John Marshall was the greatest and wisest Judge that ever lived.

"When he presided at the trial of Aaron Burr, the almost universal sentiment of the country demanded that the defendant be convicted of high treason. After the verdict, which was rendered substantially on a direction against the government, John Marshall and the counsel for the defense were burned in effigy at Gallows Hill, near Baltimore. It is said that Jefferson contemplated an effort to procure his impeachment and that William Wirt admitted that he had lost confidence in his integrity.

"Indeed, in the argument, it was intimated by counsel for the government that if the judges sustained the position of the defense they would be subject to impeachment.

"The chief Justice was not unmindful of the situation, and in his opinion he dealt with it in these words:

"No man is desirous of becoming the peculiar subject of calumny. No man, might he let the bitter cup pass from him without self reproach, would drink it to the bottom. But if he have no choice in the case, if there be no alternative presented to him, but a dereliction of duty or the opprobrium of those who are denominating the world, he merits the contempt as well as the indignation of his country, who can hesitate which to embrace?"

Noble Words of Marshall.

"These are noble words. They are an inspiration to that lofty conception of judicial duty, lacking which a man cannot be a just or honest judge

ALTERNATES NAMED BY COMMITTEE AND NOT AT PRIMARIES

Republicans Were Informed on Primary Law When Taking Action at Milwaukee Recently.

At the recent Republican conference in Milwaukee when delegates-at-large to the Republican national convention were nominated, it was noticed that alternates were not named.

It is also noticed that in some of the districts alternates as well as delegates have been named on some of the presidential tickets.

On the Democratic side both the Wilson and Champ Clark tickets for delegates-at-large contains also the names of nominees for alternate delegates-at-large.

Alternates Not Voted For.

Why, therefore, it has been asked, should the Democrats nominate candidates for alternates and the Republicans not? The answer is that the Republicans evidently had ascertained that alternate delegates are not elected, but are appointed by the state central committee. The democrats either overlooked the provision of the law on the subject, or perhaps the nomination for alternate delegates were merely made as suggestions to the state central committee, but which suggestions have no legal force, unless the committee chooses to recognize them.

The law on the subject in which some politicians see opportunities for much mischief reads thus:

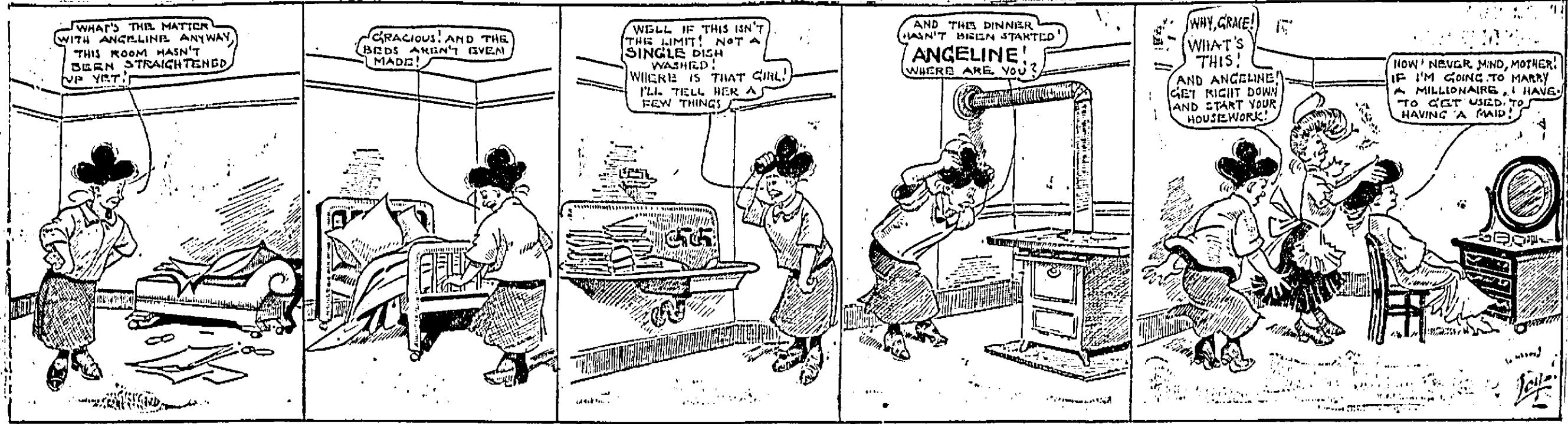
Section 5 to 4960-2 inclusive of the statutes amended, created or repealed by the laws of 1907 and 1909, 11-25—it shall be the duty of the state central committee of each political party between the holding of such election and a date not later than the 15th day of June next to call a meeting of the party national convention to meet and elect four national delegates-at-large and two alternate delegates-at-large from each congressional district. Said meeting shall be called by the chairman of the party central committee upon at least ten days' notice.

The provision of the election law and primary election law of Wisconsin are now so varied and so numerous that party committees will do well to carry in their pockets a digest of all laws if they wish to be able to answer questions which will be asked. It is probably safe to say that not one person in a thousand knew that alternate delegates to national conventions were not elected, in the same way that delegates are elected and in the way they have hitherto been elected.

Some Curious Possibilities.

Under the law the state central committee would have the power to defeat the will of the people, as expressed in the polls if it wished. Suppose a Taft delegate is elected at large in a district and because of illness or other reason is unable to attend the convention. The Republican state central committee in such case, controlled by La Follette or him, could have a La Follette alternate for him.

So with the Democrats. Their party committee is credited with being a Wilson organization. If a Champ Clark or Harmon delegate was elected and unable to attend the convention the committee might substitute a Wilson alternate, although a Clark or Harmon supporter was



DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS—Grace's Entrée into the Elite may yet be hard on Mother!

MRS. STEVENS RECOVERS

After Years of Suffering. Tells How Her Health Was Regained.

Wauhika, Okla.—"I had female troubles for seven years, was all run down, and so nervous I could not do anything. The doctors treated me for different things but did me no good. I got so bad that I could not sleep day or night. While in this condition I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and began its use and wrote to you for special advice. In a short time I had regained my health and am now strong and well."—Mrs. SALLIE STEVENS, R. F. D., No. 2, Comanche, Okla.

Another Woman Recovers.

Newton, N. H.—"For five years I suffered from female weakness and dragging down pains. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored my health and the pains are gone."—Mrs. F. A. PEASLEE, R. F. D., Box 88.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has remedied many cases of female ills, such as Inflammation, ulceration, displacements, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, and it may be exactly what you need.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

WELL KNOWN MINISTER

Restored to Health by Vinol

Rev. D. Schueler, who is a well known minister in Rice Lake, Wis., writes:

"I had a very severe stomach trouble last year from which I was kept bed three months. I had engaged the services of a doctor, but to no avail, then read of Vinol and determined to try a bottle. Before it was used up I was out of bed, and four bottles made me a well man. Vinol is a splendid medicine, and I can gladly recommend it."

Prominent men from all over the country do not hesitate to endorse this wonderful tonic.

For twelve years Vinol has been sold on the "money back" plan, and every year strengthens its popularity and proves by continued tests that it will do what we claim for it.

Smith Drug Co., Janesville, Wis.

A Happier To-Morrow

will be yours if to-night you will seek the beneficial aid of the famous and ideal family remedy Beecham's Pills. Nervous depression, or the "blues," is one of the symptoms of a condition quickly corrected by the reliable and quick-acting

BEECHAM'S PILLS

When the system is clogged—the bowels and liver and kidneys inactive—the digestion is sure to be impaired and the nerves to lose their tone. Beecham's Pills induce the organs of digestion to work properly and thus this unrivaled medicine has a tonic effect upon the whole system. Beecham's Pills do not vary—they act always in accordance with their great reputation; mildly and safely but quickly. In every way—in feelings, looks and vigor—a better condition Beecham's Pills

Assure You

Sold everywhere, 10c., 25c.
The directions with every box are very helpful.

The PHANTOM OF THE OPERA

By Gaston Leroux

Author of
THE MYSTERY OF THE YELLOW RACE
and THE PERFUME OF THE LADY IN BLACK

Illustrations by M. G. Kettner

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The wretch, who really was the first ventriloquist in the world, was only trying to divert the child's attention from the torture-chamber; but it was a stupid scheme, for Christine thought of nothing but us. She repeatedly brought him in the gentlest tones, which she could assume;

"Put out the light in the little window . . . Erik, do put out the light in the little window."

For she saw that this light, which appeared so suddenly and of which the monster had spoken so threateningly, a voice must mean something terrible. One thing must have pacified her for a moment; and that was seeing the two of us behind the wall, in the midst of that resplendent light, alive and well. But she would certainly have felt much easier if the light had been put out.

Meantime, the other had already begun to play the ventriloquist. He said:

"Here, I raise my mask a little . . . Oh, only a little! . . . You see my lips, such lips as I have! They're not moving! . . . My mouth is closed—such mouth as I have—and yet you hear my voice . . . Where will you have it? In your left ear? In your right ear? In the table? . . . Listen, dear, it's in the little box on the right of the mantelpiece; what does it say? 'Shall I turn the scorpion?' . . . And now, crack! What does it say in the little box on the left? 'Shall I turn the grasshopper?' . . . And now, crack! Here! It is in the little leather bag . . . What does it say, 'I am the little bag of life and death'? And now, crack! It is in Carlotta's throat, in Carlotta's golden throat, in Carlotta's crystal throat, as I live! What does it say? It says, 'It's I, Mr. Tord, it's I singing! I feel without alarm—co-ach—with its melody enwined me—co-ach!' . . . And now, crack! It is on a chair in the ghost's box and it says, 'Madame Carlotta is singing tonight to bring the chandelier down!' . . . And now, crack! Ah! Where is Erik's voice now? Listen, Christine, darling! Listen! It is behind the door of the torture-chamber! Listen! It's myself in the torture-chamber! And what do I say? I say, 'Woo to them that have a nose, a real nose, and come to look round the torture-chamber! Ah, ah, ah, ah!'

There was no furniture. The ceiling was capable of being lit up. An ingenious system of electric heating, which has since been imitated, allowed the temperature of the walls and room to be increased at will. I am giving all these details of a perfectly natural invention, producing with a few painted branches, the supernatural illusion of an equatorial forest blazing under the tropical sun, so that no one may doubt the present balance of my brain or feel entitled to say that I am mad or lying or that I take him for a fool.

Soon we heard nothing more at all, for this is what happened: "Erik! Erik!" said Christine's voice. "You tire me with your voice. Don't go on, Erik! Isn't it very hot here?"

"Oh, yes," replied Erik's voice, "the heat is unendurable!"

"But what does this mean? . . . The wall is really getting quite hot! . . . The wall is burning! . . ."

"I'll tell you, Christine, dear; it is because of the forest next door."

"Well, what has that to do with it? The forest?"

"Why, didn't you see that it was an African forest?"

And the monster laughed so loudly and hideously that we could no longer distinguish Christine's supplicating cries! The Vicomte de Chagny shouted and banged against the walls like a madman. I could not restrain him, but we heard nothing except the monster's laughter, and the monster himself can have heard nothing else. And then there was the sound of a body

CHAPTER XXIV.

"Barrel! Barrel! Any Barrels to Sell?"

The Persian's Narrative Continued.

I have said that the room in which M. le Vicomte de Chagny and I were imprisoned was a regular hexagon, lined entirely with mirrors. Plenty of these rooms have been seen since, mainly at exhibitions; they are called "palaces of illusion," or some such name. But the invention belongs entirely to Erik, who built the first room of this kind under my eyes, at the time of the rosy hours of Mazenderan.

A decorative object, such as a column, for instance, was placed in one of the corners and immediately produced

a hall of a thousand columns; for, thanks to the mirrors, the real room was multiplied by six hexagonal rooms, each of which, in its turn, was multiplied indefinitely. But the little sultana soon tired of this infantile illusion, whereupon Erik altered his invention into a "torture-chamber."

For the architectural motive placed in one corner, he substituted an iron tree. This tree, with its painted leaves, was absolutely true to life and was made of iron so as to resist all the attacks of the "patient" who was locked into the torture-chamber.

We shall see how the scene thus obtained was twice altered instantaneously into two successive other scenes, by means of the automatic rotation of the drums or rollers in the corners. These were divided into three sections, fitting into the angles of the mirrors and each supporting a decorative scheme that came into sight as the roller revolved upon its axis.

The walls of this strange room gave the patient nothing to lay hold of, because, apart from the solid decorative object, they were simply furnished with mirrors, thick enough to withstand any onslaught of the victim, who was flung into the chamber

empty-handed and barefoot.

There was no furniture. The ceiling was capable of being lit up. An ingenious system of electric heating, which has since been imitated, allowed the temperature of the walls and room to be increased at will.

I am giving all these details of a perfectly natural invention, producing with a few painted branches, the supernatural illusion of an equatorial forest blazing under the tropical sun, so that no one may doubt the present balance of my brain or feel entitled to say that I am mad or lying or that I take him for a fool.

I now return to the facts where I left them. When the ceiling lit up and the forest became visible around us, the viscount's stupefaction was immense. That impenetrable forest, with its innumerable trunks and branches, threw him into a terrible state of consternation. He passed his hands over his forehead, as though to drive away a dream; his eyes blinks; and, for a moment, he forgot to listen.

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"But what does this mean? . . . The wall is really getting quite hot! . . . The wall is burning! . . ."

"I'll tell you, Christine, dear; it is because of the forest next door."

"Well, what has that to do with it? The forest?"

"Why, didn't you see that it was an African forest?"

And the monster laughed so loudly and hideously that we could no longer distinguish Christine's supplicating cries!

The Vicomte de Chagny shouted and banged against the walls like a madman. I could not restrain him, but we heard nothing except the monster's laughter, and the monster himself

can have heard nothing else. And then there was the sound of a body

not bare like those of the victims of the rosy hours of Mazenderan, had certainly fallen into this "mortal illusion" and, mad with rage, had kicked against those mirrors which, nevertheless, continued to reflect his agony. And the branch of the tree on which he had put an end to his own sufferings was arranged in such a way that, before dying, he had seen, for his last consolation, a thousand men writhing in his company.

Then he lay flat on the floor, as one does in a wood, and declared that he would wait until I found the door of the forest, as there was nothing better to do. And he added that, from where he was, "the view was splendid!" The torture was working, in spite of that I had said.

Myself, forgetting the forest, I tackled a glass panel and began to finger it in every direction, hunting for the weak point on which to press in order to turn the door in accordance with Erik's system of pivots. This weak point might be a mere speck on the glass, no larger than a pin, under which the spring lay hidden. I hunted and hunted. I felt as high as my hands could reach. Erik was about the same height as myself and I thought that he would not have placed the spring higher than suited his stature.

To begin with, I gave up every idea of returning to the passage that had brought us to that accursed chamber. I did not trouble about the possibility of working the inside stone that closed the passage; and this for the simple reason that to do so was out of the question. We had dropped from too great height into the torture-chamber; there was no furniture to help us reach that passage; not even the branch of the iron tree, not even each other's shoulders were of any avail.

There was only one possible outlet, that opening into the Louis-Philippe room in which Erik and Christine Daae were. But, though this outlet looked like an ordinary door on Christine's side, it was absolutely invisible to us. We must therefore try to open it without even knowing where it was.

When I was quite sure that there was no hope for us from Christine Daae's side, when I had heard the monster dragging the poor girl from the Louis-Philippe room last who should interfere with our tortures, I resolved to set to work without delay. But I had first to calm M. de Chagny, who was already walking about like a madman, uttering incoherent cries. The snatches of conversation which he had caught between Christine and the monster had contributed not a little to drive him beside himself; add to that the shock of the magic forest and the scorching heat which was beginning to make the perspiration stream down his temples and you will have no difficulty in understanding his state of mind. He shouted Christine's name, brandished his pistol, knocked his forehead against the glass in his endeavor to run down the glades of the illusive forest. "I am stilling," he said, "All those mirrors are sending out an internal heat! Do you think will find that spring soon? If you are much longer about it, we shall be roasted alive!"

I was not sorry to hear him talk like this. He had not said a word of the forest and I hoped that my companion's reason would hold out some time longer against the torture. But he added:

"What consoles me is that the monster has given Christine until eleven tomorrow evening. If we can't get out of here and go to her assistance, at least we shall be dead before her! Then Erik's mass can serve for all of us!"

But he gulped down a breath of hot air that nearly made him faint. As I had not the same desperate reasons as M. le Vicomte for accepting death, I returned, after giving him a word of encouragement, to my panel, but I had made the mistake of taking a few steps while speaking and, in the tangle of the illusive forest, I was no longer able to find my panel for certain! I had to begin all over again, at random, feeling, tumbling, groping.

Now the fever laid hold of me in my turn . . . for I found nothing, absolutely nothing. In the next room all was silence. We were quite lost in the forest, without an outlet, a compass, a guide or anything. Oh, I knew what awaited us if nobody came to our aid . . . or if I did not find the spring! But, look at me! I found nothing but branches, beautiful branches that stood straight up before me, or spread gracefully over my head. But they gave no shade. And this was natural enough, as we were in an equatorial forest, with the sun right above our heads, an African forest.

(To Be Continued)

Young Thomas, afflicted with a green apple pain in his midst, thus explained his condition to his mother: "Mother, I've got an awful bad pain right in the middle of my stomach, but the rest of me feels fine,"—Lipplin-cott.

A Happy View.

When I dig a man out of trouble the hole he leaves behind him is the grave in which I bury my own trouble.—P. Parnell.

Merely Local.

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REMINED OF HOME.



SIDEWALK KETCHES.

DETROIT.

By Howard L. Rann.

Detroit is an American city with French table manners and Canadian trimmings. Its chief industry consists in knocking all boats of burden except the self-starting automobile. Detroit was formerly the home of our red brother, who spent many happy years riding the single-cylinder bronco up and down its paved streets and collecting foreign coins.

In 1810 a party of French tourists, who brought with them little save their portfolios and port tax receipts, came over and pushed the red brother into Lake Erie so fast that he went away and left his scalp collection on the pianola. From that day to this he people have been leaving things in Detroit — mainly to like editions of round-shouldered checks and promissory notes in exchange for large, red automobiles. There is less walking done in Detroit than in any city of the known world except Amsterdam, whose business men go down to the office clad in bathing suits and green umbrellas. The Detroit man who doesn't own an automobile with demountable rims and 487 separate and distinct attachments is looked upon as a suspicious character, and trailed to his humble home by prying slugs in plain clothes. Every once in a while some citizen from the outer world, who has forgotten to put his automobile in his grip, heads into Detroit on business, and is promptly ground into the car tracks and set upon by some rule outer tire, whose face is disfigured by rubber phlegm. There is so much water in it, in abutting upon, adjacent to and surrounding Detroit, its society people are no longer at the mercy of the Saturday night bath. The arrangements are very convenient, as a man can step out on his back porch and land in some unsupervised, without subjecting his physique to the unfeeling comment of the common hird, or being tripped up from the rear by the undertow.

The Specter Knight—By my hal-
dom, yes; but a millionaire's bought
it and shipped it to America.

The Grey Lady—Why didst not go
with it?

The Specter Knight—In sooth, I'm
such bad sailor.—Punch.

The Seaside Ghost.

Weary—Ah! ma'am. This reminds
me of me once happy home—me wife
used to meet me at do door wit a rollin'
pin jest like dat.

Swift Experiences.

"Sometimes a man has a hard time
getting usually located in the United
States senate."

"Yes," replied Senator Borgham.
"Sometimes a legislature sends along
a man who scarcely gets through
reading the word 'Welcome' on the
door mat before some one calls his
attention to a sign, 'This Way out!'

"Hello, uncle!" he shouted. "Any
luck today?"

Without taking his gaze off the cork
which rested on the surface of the
placid stream, the old man replied:

"Had a nibble 'long about noon."

Judge.

Helped.

Mrs. Willis has been very watchful
of her husband's diet lately, and is in
constant fear lest he overeat.

"John," she asked anxiously one
morning when Willis had been telling
her about the banquet which he had
attended the night before, "how many
helps did you have last night?"

"Two," answered Willis absently;
"one at the banquet and one on the
way home." —Lippincott's.

Cruel Candor.

She—So many foolish people tell
me I sing like a bird. Do you think
so, Mr. Butt?

He—Certainly I do.

She (with a giggle)—Oh, you flatter
me. What kind of a bird do you
think I sing like?

He—A screech owl.

Ridiculous.

Talkative Passenger (trying to get
into conversation)—I see—or—you've
lost your arm.

Gentleman (trying to read)—So I
have. How careless of me!—Tattler.

Showing Off.

Mary has a set of furs,
For which her father paid.
And so much silly papa is here,
She's always on parade.

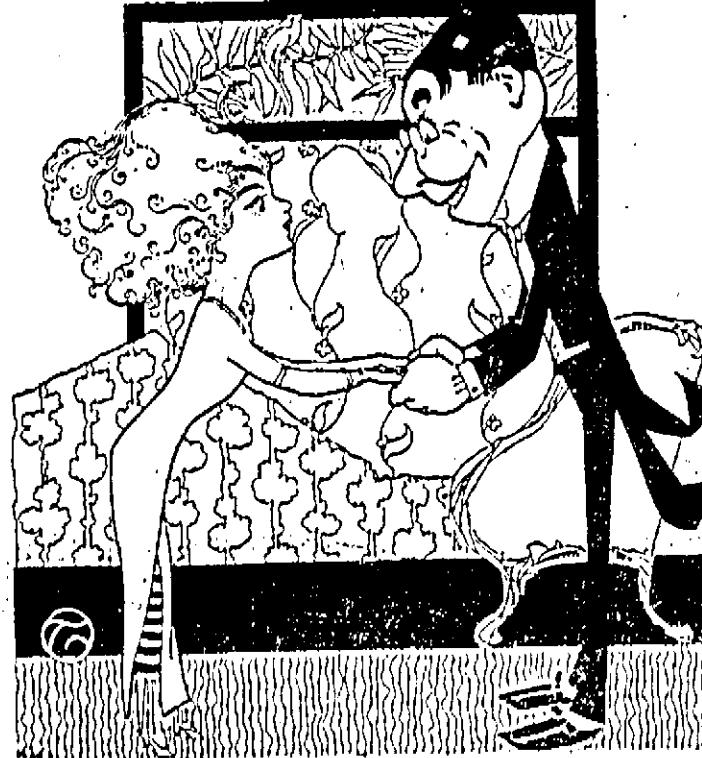
It's Kind.

"What is a voice from the tombs
like?"

"I suppose it is something 'on the
order of a skeleton's articulation."

Foolish.

Few women are more badly fooled
than those who believe they regulate
the habits of their husbands.



SYD DID.
There was a young fellow named Syd,
Who liked a girl on the eyelid.
Said the girl to the lad,
"Your aim's very bad;
You should practice a bit." So he did.

Where is her father.

FORTY YEARS AGO

Janesville Gazette, Feb. 27, 1872.—
Eighty thousand tons of steel rails
have already been purchased for the
Milwaukee and Chicago railroad.

A committee of prominent citizens
of Pittsburgh, left that city last night
for Washington where they will urge
an appropriation for a new govern-
ment building in that city.

The East Saginaw Courier figures
up the total amount of lumber man-
ufactured on the Lake Huron shore
of Michigan, last year, including shingles,
lathes and pickets, at \$67,582,878
feet, and puts the total value thereof
at \$15,000,000.

The Maline house of representatives
has passed an amendment to the pro-
hibition liquor law, which includes
beer and wine among intoxicating
drinks, by a vote of 62 to 45.

Judge Comstock gave young—
the headache last evening for insulting a

lady in front of the postoffice. Some
of these boys need a lively lashing
down to learn them good manners.

A man was attacked by a couple of
young ruffians on West Milwaukee
Street early last evening and badly
bruised about the head. We have been
unable to ascertain the names of the
parties.

Out at Monroe the people are gradu-
ally becoming insane upon the sub-
ject of sheep. We have noticed for
some time past the legislative delega-
tion as it passed through this city
on its weekly Madison pilgrimage
had a vacant, monomaniac look
which we didn't know how to account
for, until our inquiries revealed the
fact that that village had run entire-
ly to seed on the mutton. Since the
sudden rise in the price of wool each
Monroeite has become a shepherd.

Reports from the west say that the
weather is warm. Trains on the Uni-

ion Pacific are moving regularly. The
Missouri River is rising slowly. The
temporary bridge at Omaha is still
in use.

makes me tired. I train with all
those hungry chaps who bleed and
die the whole year round, who wait
and wait for little snaps, and whose
work are never found. With those I
make the wretched throb, with them
resort to tawdry tricks; I'd rather
have a dingy job connected with
cheap politics, than roll in opulence
that's won by methods that you deem
correct, than wield a pitchfork in the
sun and hold my pride and self re-
spect. The other germ is in my
blood, the germ that kills the love of
work; and now my given name is
Mud; my surname, as you know, is
Shirk.

Warning Against Wet Feet
Wet and chilled feet usually affect
the mucous membrane of the nose,
throat and lungs, and a grippe, bron-
chitis or pneumonia may result. Watch
carefully, particularly the children,
and for the racking stubborn coughs
give Foley's Honey. and Tar Com-
pound. It soothes the inflamed mem-
branes, and heals the cough quickly.
Mrs. A. A. Swagel, Kroh, Wis., says:
"I always give Foley's Honey and
Tar Compound to my children. It
cures their coughs and colds and they
like to take it." Badger Drug Co.

Timothy Hay - \$22 per Ton

Upland Prairie Hay \$18 per Ton

Oat Straw - \$12 per Ton

All of the above prices at the Mill. Come and draw it away
or we will deliver it at a small additional charge.

Buckwheat Feed

at \$16.00 per ton. At this price it is the cheapest feed on the
market. A fresh stock always on hand.

E. P. DOTY
FOOT OF DODGE STREET

BOTH PHONES

Hundreds of families will move this spring. Have you a home for rent?

WANTED

MISCELLANEOUS

A MAN AND WIFE wished to work
on farm by month or year. E. B.
Grazette office.

LOAN WANTED—I have clients who
desire to borrow \$10,000.00 and also
\$3,000.00 on high-class Rock County
farm. John L. Fisher, Hayes Block.

WANTED: Washing and ironing will
call for it. New phone 138 black.

WANTED: Team horses to sell and
clean \$1.00 per net. Frank Sader,
Court Street Bridge.

WANTED--FEMALE HELP

WANTED—Homekeeper for small
family. Inquire 12 N. Academy

St. Both phones 407. 99-31.

WANTED—Girl for general office
work and for work around the store.
Paris Lantos' Tailoring, 52 South Main

street, Jas. Potomack, Prop.

WANTED—Girls 16 years old or older
to label cigar boxes. No machine
work. \$3.00 per week guaranteed
while learning. Steady work.
Thorongood & Co.

WANTED—Girl for general house-
work; family of two; good wages.
Apply 811 Milwaukee Ave. or now
phone 172 black.

WANTED—A girl for general house-
work. Inquire Mrs. J. P. Cullen,
312 So. Main St.

WANTED—Planter at Crystal Theatre
Evanaville. One who can eat the
pictures. Good salary. Write or call
on G. W. A. Mitchell, Evansville.

WANTED—Competent girl for gen-
eral housework. Mrs. P. H. Korst,
209 Clark street.

WANTED—MALE HELP

SURELY ONE MAN OF 1,000 IS
LOOKING FOR YOUR JOB.

WANTED—At once, a bright active
boy 17 to 18 years of age. Lewis
Kulting Co.

WANTED—Boy sixteen years of age
or over to learn drug business.
Badger Drug Co.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room,
1019 Wall St.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for
light housekeeping. Ground floor
desirable location. 201 Locust St.

Hill phone 390.

FOR RENT: A furnished room with
modern conveniences. Enquire at

314 So. Main St.

FOR RENT—A seven-
room house and barn. Corner of
Ringold and Racine Sts. Large garden.

Enquire Geo. P. Cullen, 344 So. Main

St.

FOR RENT—Several houses well
located in city. Joseph Fisher,
Hayes Block.

FOR RENT—Rooms at 311 No. Frank-
lin St., \$12.00 per month. W. F.
Carlo.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room,
1019 Wall St.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for
light housekeeping. Ground floor
desirable location. 201 Locust St.

Hill phone 390.

FOR RENT: A furnished room with
modern conveniences. Enquire at

314 So. Main St.

FOR RENT—Or will accept house as
part payment; 60 acre farm located

in Rock County. Joseph Fisher,
Hayes Block.

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Hayes Block.

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